1891
(L.R.)

File No. 57.
Serial No. 1-23

Sub:— Payment of Compensation
to the Jodidar of
Gajagoppa village
Devanahalli Taluk

G. R. S. IX-5]

Previous references.

1891
~~191~~
(L R)

File No. 87

Serial Nos. 1 – 23

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 – 23.

Part B for February 1892

SUBJECT.

Payment of Compensation to the Jodilax of Gajagutta village, Devarakulli Taluk

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W D 88—GPB—50,000—24-7-16

Received

CHIEF SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

REVENUE BRANCH.

OFFICE NOTE.

SUBJECT. Re payment of Compensation of Rs 125 to the Jodidar of Sajapippe village, Devenhalli Taluk for the loss sustained by him for the years during which he had not cultivated the lands.

LAST REFERENCE. Letter No. 1357 dated 15-14 June 1893 from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

Jodidars have no right to cultivate lands in tank beds though they may be there when the levels of these Inam villages. & so they are not entitled to any compensation if they are prohibited from cultivating them.— But in the case the complaint is that they were prohibited notwithstanding that the land was not within the water spread & there was really no objection to their cultivation.— It being a fact that he was prohibited from cultivating the land, while in reality there was no objection, the compensation of Rs 125 recommended by the Dy Comr may be granted sanctioned

1919193

/

1 The Jodidar of Gajapathe
was cultivating certain
land in the bed of the
Chendroyapatam Tank,
and the Shanboque Chen-
-droyapatam instituted
a case against him
that the land belonged to
the Chendroyapatam
Hobli. The Tank is bound
-ed on the North by Gajapa
-pe & on the South by Chen
-droyapatam. On certain
accounts of long standing
produced by the Jodidar
it was decided that he
was entitled to hold and
cultivate the dry bed
of the tank adjoining
his Jodi village to the extent of
12 Khandies & 6 puddies

and

× in Devanhally Taluk, Bangalore District

× When ? Rev. Case No. 2 of 1868-9 Bangalore Dist. 3rd Class Munsiff's Court

Aug. 1868

× Cultivate ? No one has a right to cultivate the bed of a Tank which stores water - to separate - does not always mean cultivate - it means enjoy as applied to waste or unoccupied - in the case of a Tank bed it can only be applied to grazing right -

and which was bound
ed by a nulla between
Mandebelle and the
boundary of Chendroya
-patam & Pajapuppe

2. The Jodidar gave
an urzee to the Deputy
Commissioner, Bangalore
in August 1886. to the effect
that the land he was cultiv
vating under the
Tank belonging to the
Jodi village was treated as
Kharal by the Survey
Dept and asked for
some other land instead
of it as it was not allow
ed to be cultivated
or to deduct a proport
tionate amount from
the Jodi Quit rent, or
to permit him to cultivate

Tank beds are
Kerabes

(1

X 384 dt 18-8-86

the dry Rankbed.

2 Dy Commr: referred the matter to the Survey Dept: & asked the Supdt whether the said land could not be cultivated though considered as Kharab in lieu of reducing the Quit rent or giving a fresh land. The Superintend-ent asked the Dy Comr to what village the land in question belonged when the Amildar of Devanhalli was refer-red to he reported that there was no other docu-ments but what the Amildar reported, which is that the land in question was surveyed as belong-ing to the Jodi village and that the Dy Supdt. (Survey) told him that he might apply for so to the Dy Comr.

No 586 dt 17-9-86

for fresh lands instead of
the Kharab land. This
the Dy Comr reported X 504 & 22-9-86
to the S. Supdt. who refer
-red X it to the Dy Supdt dated 28-9-86.
and he
who reported that during
the time of Settlement,
the Jodidar, when he
petitioned, was inform
-ed that he would get
lands if he applied
to Dy Comr. instead
of the Tank bed. The
Dy Comr. asked X the 731 & 24-11-87
Supdt what the extent
of the Jodi & the land
considered as Kharab
was, so that the Jodidars
case might be settled.
To this the Supdt. answered X 631 & 1-12-87
that it might be known
when the extent of the

Sirkar village is known by referring to the village map, and the Amildar reported[x] that the extent of the land in question was 29 acres & 39 guntas.

1150 & 4-3-88

4. In the meantime the Gordar asked the Dy Comr to order the Amildar not to trouble him, till his case was Settled, for the 71 Rs which he was withheld from the Jodi amount as compensation for not being permitted to cultivate the dry Tank bed for the two previous years; he selected[x] certain lands in Nandebelli and asked the Dy Comr to give him that or to declare

12-4-88 (Rev Dept Bangalore Dist No 7.

9th August (illegible)

1

a proportionate amount
from the Quit rent. The
Amildar reported that village
the extent of the Oke was
260 acres - 24 Guntas
assessed at Rs 334-12-4
& that this Quit rent
did not include the
assessment on lands
taken up, and that the
lands selected in the
Chendroyapatam Circle
(Govt. waste, 29 acres
23 Guntas assessed 203 Rs)
might be given to the
Jaghdar instead.
5. But the land was
refused as the assessment
on the same was very
high when compared
with that taken up.

Amildar's report
No 1003 & 6-10-88

& 25-10-88

The Amildar was then directed to fix a fair amount of compensation for the land in question instead of giving fresh lands. But the compensation prie[d] by the villagers was very high Rs 600 per acre & the Amildar prefers giving fresh lands and the land selected is below the Mullikere Tank, measuring 29 acres 7 guntas assessed at Rs 17 6/- which is little less than the value of the Kharab land duly submerged. The above said Tank is under repair, the Estimate being 4500 Rs. The Inamdar agrees

Amildar's report N° 1151
of 1-12-88

Amildar's report N° 1500.
of 23-3-89.

to pay 1/8 of the contribu
- tion towards it & to take
up as Kandayam
the remaining waste
lands 22 acres 2 g. assessed
at Rs 114-12-0. But the
ryots object to it & apply
for the Vanneland for
cultivation. The Amildar
recommends it being
given & the Joridar
on the ground that it
was lying waste for a
long time. Upon this
the Deputy Commr
ordered X that the land
in question had become
Kharal land of a
Government village
according to the deci
- sion of the Survey
Department and that
the Inamdar was

X 34 of 18-5-89

Dis by mur's order.

not entitled to any Compensation, and he was unable to understand how Jodi lands though forming the bed were included in a Govt. village during the Survey. The Amildar before issuing an endorsement to the above effect reported that the land in question was not marked in any of the Govt village maps, though the different portions belonging to different villages in the same bed of the Tank were marked in them, ~~maps~~ that the Jodidar was cultivating it before the Survey Dept treated it as Kharab during the Settlement in 1936

X DO Q 24-5-54

and that the Jodidar
used to get some profit
from cultivating the
said land. of which he
was deprived after
S. Settlement Upon
reconsidering this, the
Deputy Comr thought X 16-6-89.
that Survey officers were
not competent to ex
-tend their jurisdic
-tion to Inam villages
and to place any res-
-triction on cultivating
a land in the occupancy
of an Inamdar
So he ordered the with
-drawal of the prohibi
-tion till he was con
-vinced by the S. Dept
that the cultivation
was prejudicial to
the tank Upon this

Do.

and to ask the Jodidar what compensation he would claim

12

7. Upon this —

(1) the Survey Supdt. was asked upon what authority the Settling Officer prohibited the cultivation of the dry tank bed belonging to the Jodi for which he answered that the order was issued[x] by the Settlement Officer & was affirmed by him

(2) The Executive Engineer was asked whether there was any objection to cultivating the land set apart as Kharal by the Revenue Dept and he answered[x] that as a project for the improvement of the Tank was being prepared it would not be advisable to allow of cultivation in its bed.

x No. 435 of 24-10-87.

1891 / 378 of 18-3-91.

The Jodidar cultivated the land in question in 1889 acc. upon the order of the Dy Com: and claimed X Rs 750 as compensation for the three years 1886-87, 87-88 88-89. at Rs 250 each year during which time he was prohibited from cultivating the said land.

24-7-89

S. Jamabandy Officer X inspected the tank and after investigation reported X that no order was issued by the Taluk authorities prohibiting the cultivation of the dry Tank bed, but the Survey Dy Supdt. ordered that it should

X Mr: M. Annaji Rao.

X 450 & 24-7-91.

not be cultivated when the Jodidar asked him perhaps with the intention of getting better land, whether he might cultivate it; that the cultivation was not prejudicial to the Tank, and that the Jodidar may be allowed to cultivate it as he was doing hitherto, since only a small portion was ~~beneath~~ submerged when the Tank was full.

9. With regard to compensation he remarked that he was not entitled to any as he did not cultivate the land on his own accord. But the Dy Comr had ordered to fix the compensation. So he took a deposition from the Jodidar to the effect

15

Pieces

that he would be satisfied if he got Rs 150 at Rs 50/- each year. But the Jamabundy Officer fixed the Compensation at Rs 125/- and the Dy Comr. requested* sanction to the same. Upon this the Dy Comr was asked to report what extent would be submerged when the tank was full, what became of the project for the improvement of the Tank &c. The Dy Comr. subd the Executive Engineer's letter in which he says that the Project was subd to the Chief Engineer for sanction and that the Improvement of the tank would not affect the lands of the Jodi village

N° 722 of 12-12-96.

Ans.

10. The Deputy Commr was asked to submit the village map shewing the boundaries of the Inam village and the Kharab land in question and also marking thereon in a different colour the line of waterspread of the Tank at present water level.

This office No. 1674 dt. 28/7/92 R 272 92

11 Finally the Deputy Commissioner submits the tracing of the village map and states that survey No 9 is the Kharab land in question and the waterspread is marked in red lines

No. 1351 dt. 15th June 1893.

Subd. for orders.

The tracing is finally given some sketch in the Bk. dt. explanatory remarks in the Survey Ltr dt

from the tracing it

apparent that the land in question is far off from the line of water spread

13 The Dy Com: has allowed the cultivation of the land as before

A The Jordan Claims Compensation for the years 1886-87, 87-88 & 88-89 during which period the land was not cultivated owing to the settling officers (Dy Supt) orders.

The Dy Com recommends the payment of Rs 125/.

Submitted for orders

H
17/7/93

Compare this tracing with paper 57/2 in the Record - It

And yet the Survey Dept have treated it in the correspondence as part of the water spread - This shows that the tracing is not reliable

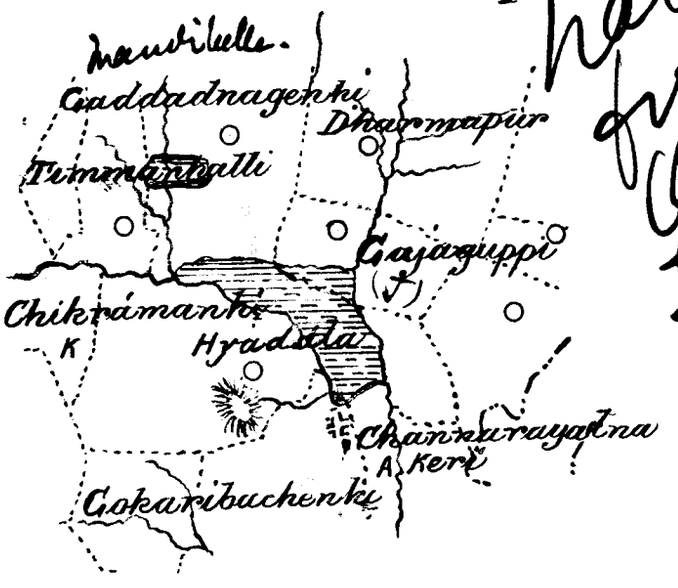
The Deputy had no authority thus to set aside an order of the Survey Supt & with moreover a high [illegible] had declined to interfere once before

If the land is liable to be submerged when the tank fills it cannot be cultivated & no cultivation may be permitted -

Submitted (Rev) Commr for orders -
A tracing from the Revenue Survey Map of the Taluk is annexed to this Note - Also note from the Executive Engineer of Tank, with plan &c -

15 Sep

18



Naeme from (Revenue) Taluk Office

Devanhally Taluk

15/9/83

31

CHIEF SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

REVENUE BRANCH.

OFFICE NOTE.

SUBJECT. Regarding the submersion of the lands of the Jodi village of Gajaguppe in the Devanhalli Talk.

LAST REFERENCE. Letter No. 1214 dated 9th April 1894 from the Dy Commr. Bangalore Dist

The following orders of the Rev: Councillor ~~xxxxx~~ dated 19-9-93 "(Jodidars have no right to cultivate lands in the beds of Government Tanks though they may be within the limits of their Inam Villages. and so they are not entitled to any Compensation if they are prohibited from cultivating them. But in the

~~forward~~ Case the complaint
is that they were prohibited
notwithstanding that the
land was not without
the water spread and
there was really no objection
to its cultivation.. It being
a fact that he was pro-
-hibited from cultivating
the land, while in reality
there was no objection,
the Compensation of Rs 125/-
recommended by the
Deputy Commissioner
may be sanctioned")
were communicated to
the Deputy Commissioner
and the Superintendent,
Revenue Survey in Govt
Prop: No. 6419-20/RT-354-92 dated
29-9-93.

2. In his letter No. 346 dt.

dated 28th/c November 1893, the Superintendent, Revenue Survey stated that on an examination of the maps of the two villages (Jodi Gajagunpe and Coottu Cheemanoy apatun, Devanhalli Taluk) it appeared incredible that the extent of 2a 8g + 3g belonging to the Jodi Village for which Compensation has been Claimed, could possibly have been above the extreme water spread of the tank and recommended a careful re-examination of the land in question.

This Office No 10148 / 27-352-92 dt 27-12-93

3. Copy of the above letter

letter was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Banga-lore District with a request that he will carefully re-examine the facts and submit a full report on the subject for the informa-tion and orders of Govern-ment

4 The Deputy Commr. now submits, in original, Memo No 506 dated 15th Feby 1894 drawn up by the 1st General Assistant Com-missioner, Bangalore Dis-trict, in which that officer after personal inspection and local enquiry, says that the whole of the land is liable to submersion when the Cod discharges but

Deputy Commr's Rpt 1042 dy 6/3/94

but that the water stand in the higher portions of the land for the space of 20 days and in the lower portions for one or two months in the year. It further appears that the Jodidar ~~cultivated for crops~~ is not put to any loss. On the contrary the annual deposit of silt and moisture left on the land after the water recedes enables the Jodidar to cultivate the land and raise rich crops. He ploughs the land as the water recedes: but he ~~was~~ prohibited from ~~cultivating for crops~~ cultivating the land: hence he claimed compensation for loss of crop for 1886-6-1889 which was sanctioned in G.O. No. 6419-20 / 354-92 dated 29-9-93.

According to the present measurement the total area of the land ~~is~~ is 29 acres used to be cultivated as the water receded. I cannot make out this from the English papers.

9/6/94

5. The land is thus used the catchment area of the

Govt tank in question and in prohibiting its cultivation the Survey Supdt decided that the Dy. Commr. should grant other land to the Jodidar or reduce the Jodi amount in proportion to the land submerged

The Dy Commr has permitted the cultivation of the land in question

Subd for orders

CJ
1/6/94.

The Compensation sanctioned has been paid

Point for Consideration

I Whether the Jodidar was entitled to the Compensation under the Circumstances

II If what relief if any, is he entitled.

For further particulars as to the Jodidar's rights &c please see paper no: 21 of the file

21
4/6/94 Subd to Chief Sheristadar 5/6/94 Subd to Hon Commissioner for orders 8/6

1/

The Revenue wishes to know positively from the Distt authorities the survey no of the land in question - & Last prices accordingly

Read letter from the Dy. Comr of Bangalore No 1042 dated 6th March 1894

From the Report now submitted it is clear that the land under notice (29.39) belongs to the Soor Village of Gappakupe, as within the water spread of the Chennarayapatna Tank & not for above the water spread as erroneously stated in para 3 of your Ps dated 29th Sept

1893 the land
now reported
is stated to be liable
to submersion for
20 days in about 2 months
in the year & that the
Lordar has been in
the habit of cultivating
the land as the water
receded the
point for consideration
therefore is, whether the
Lessee should be allowed
to continue to cultivate
the land when the water
receded as decided
by the ~~Dy Comr~~ ~~last Supt~~ Dy Comr in June 1889
~~as stated~~, or he
should be prevented
from doing so as directed
by the Supt of Revenue
Survey during the cultivation
the land having been treated
as chur sub

the Chief Engineer

in consequence
of the mistake made
in the Dy Comr's
docket dated
15 June 1893
that the land
in dispute was
not a whole ch-
was in reality
in 1893.—

will be requested
to favor the Govt
with her opinion whether
the ~~not~~ cultivation of
the lands should be
prohibited as injurious
to the Parks, or it may
be allowed as usual

Though as a
general rule, the holders
of the lands in the beds
of Parks are not entitled
to any compensation
~~for~~ for them being prevented
from cultivating the lands
still, in the case, the
right of the Owners to
cultivate them ~~lands~~
having been recognised
by the assistant-
dupt so long ago
as 1868, it seems

to Govt, that in the
event of the Irrigation
Authorities from cultivating
the lands in future
some compensation will
hereby be granted
to them, that the amount
of compensation (Rs 125)
already granted under
the Govt Proceedings above
will be taken into account

10/6/94

To the Dy Conservator of Bangalore
To the Divisional Superintendent
Hesaraghatta Section dated 28th Nov 1894
No 346
To the Chief Engineer with
the file of papers (Acknowledgment)

(36)

Note

The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District has submitted the further report promised in para 12 of his letter No 602 dt. 16/11/94 and called for in this office docket No 1031 RT. 354-92-93 dt 22nd July 1895.

Subd

28/8/95

Submitted -

The delay in the submission of this file was owing to Head Asst. being given other work for about a week

28/8/95

Subd to the Secretary to Government.

The facts of the case are fully set out in the Dy Commissioner's

of 16th Nov 1894. The
map submitted to the
Executive Engineer
opinion that it is
undesirable to permit
the cultivation of
the bed of the tank.
It would perhaps
have been better if
the Chief Engineer
had been consulted.
The Lower Lake
Schedule shows that
(No 3 and No 2)
this land is included
in the bed of the tank.
The reference to that
it was not taken into
account in fixing
the Jodi

31-8-95

If it is decided
that cultivation should
be prohibited the
questions would be
(1) whether the Jodi
should be given another
piece of land in lieu of this one
(2) if so should not
the Jodi be raised (3)
would it not be better
to pay him money compensation
—reasonable if so how
much

31-8-95.

Read
8/9

The question whether the land is Kharab, and whether its survey value was taken into account when the Jodi was calculated by the Survey Dept does not seem to be very relevant for the decision of this case

The land is admittedly in the Jodi village and the Survey Dept has no authority to classify it except for the valuation of the village and this classification as Kharab what right does not her se implant with it any prohibition to cultivate the land -

This question is one of usage and practicability of cultivating The practice situated in and close to the lands temporarily submerged when the water recedes from them is very general and it has been proved beyond question that the Jodidars of the lands in question were always exercising

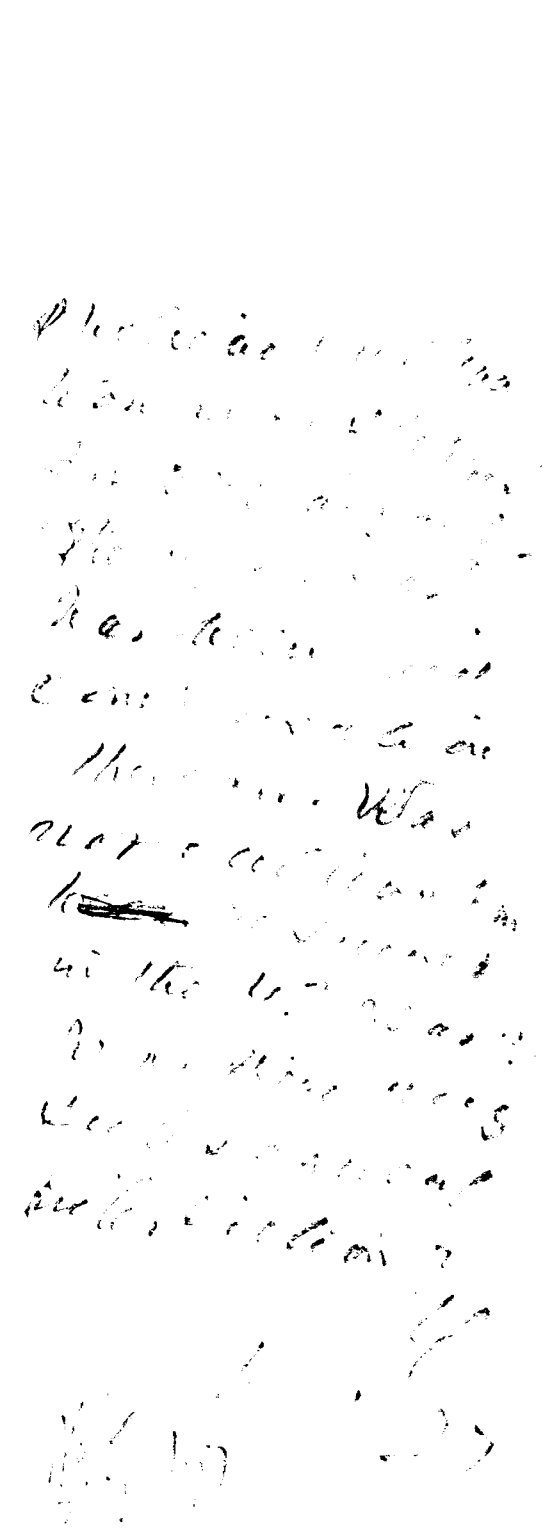
that right It is now urged that this cultivation is prejudicial to the health and must in its interest be put a stop to ~~the opinion is supported by~~ Govt decide that this cultivation must cease and the Zodiders will be informed accordingly

For the loss of this right which the Zodiders were enjoying it is clear that they are entitled to a reasonable compensation ~~for~~ for care of Govt that the Zodiders are kept compensated by a money grant and the Dy Comr will accordingly ~~submit~~ his this amount which may be paid to Zodiders and what the same for the sanction of Govt

MMD
9/9/95

Submitted to the Dewan
upon pie

Submitted to the Dewan
9
9-9-95



Submitted.

Serial No (24) shews that cultivation was stopped only for 3 years for which a compensation of Rs 1257. was paid to the Jagirdar. There was

P.T.O.

no subsequent interdiction
& the land is said to be
under cultivation by the
Jodidar. Please see para 7
of Serial No 33

Draft Sd

8/1/97

I don't believe that Cultn can produce appreciable injury to the land — Injury from pollution is not apprehended Injury from Silting is the principal one — This is very trifling & can to a large extent be obviated by a strong close fence along the boundary — under such Cir — we should of course allow cultivation

No Cultn in a bad ever need — is allowable in a famine year but — in Exceptional cases like this we need scarcely go by rules & theory out — Cultn if such cultivation has openly been carried on for a long Series of years —

The ordinary presumption is that a person holding a land which is in the bed holds it subject to the condition of non cultivation by ploughing &c, but only for pasture or use of trees — But in the present case such presumption is rebutted as Col. Magrath found in 1865 that Cultn has existed for many years previously

Sd 28.12.96

Therefore I would not go to the expense of buying up the land in question.

With reference to the Exs opinion, I may add that

5.11.97

I would get Dr. to have a good close fence put down

Subject to 2d Cr ✓

28-12-96

I have no objn. Direct the Dy Comr accordingly — But further cultivation of cultivation already opened

Received 2-2-97

Cultivation rights
allotted for only 3 years
& the man has already
been paid compensa-
tion for loss of crop
during that period - Please
see letter Nos 24 & 33 -
The Valuation ordered
seems therefore unnecessary

Rec'd 6.30 P.M.
11/1/97

1-1-97

Wants to
see the enquiry
report before order may
be passed in the
words of the Revenue
Asstt

6-8-97

Spare Cl
7-8-97

Draft Lbd for approval
DD
7/8/97

JC
7/8/97

(General Serial No. 30.)

1891-92

From The Dy Commissioner
Bangalore District

To The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysore

Dated
Despatched 12th December 1891.
Received

Enclosures No. 1 file

General No.
D No. 722.

Requesting sanction
to the payment of com-
pensation to the Jodidar
of Rs: 125/- for the loss
sustained by him for
the years during which
he had not cultivated
the land in Jodi Gaja
-kuppe village, Devanhully
Taluk.

Read
16/12/91

Draft Order
15/12/91

12/2/92

B3
16-12-91

Dcl. 722

Encln 1 file of V. Papers.

V

Dy Commissioners Office
Bangalore District
Dated 12th December 1891.

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

I have the honor to state that about 30 acres of Jodi Sajakuppe village in the Devanhully Taluk forms portion of the bed of Channarayapatna tank. This land used to be cultivated up to the date of Survey Settlement In the settlement this land was treated as Kharab and the cultivation thereof was pro-hibited by the Settlement Officers. Upon this the Jodidar in 1886 ap-plied to this Office for com-pensation, or for land in sub-stitution, and the then Deputy

Commissioner (Mr Krishna Murti) after some correspondence, permitted the Jodidar to cultivate his land, as usual, and ordered the Amildar to fix Compensation for the loss sustained by the Jodidar for the years during which he had not cultivated the land.

2. The Jamabundy Officer, Mr Ainaji Rao has fixed the amount of Compensation at Rs: 125/- for the years Vijaya 1886-87 Sarvajit 1887-88 and Sarvadhari 1888-89

3. I have the honor to request sanction to the Compensation above specified.

4. The various papers connected with the case are, herewith, submitted for reference

I have

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your Most Obedient Servant
Humble
for Dy Commissioner

Acct Branch
Mch 1/6/92

Recd
4-6-92
Draft Sent
WD
1/7/92

(General Serial No. 30)

OFFICE OF THE
2536
1892-93 JUN 92
136
SECRETARIAT

From The Dy Commr of Kolar
Bangalore District

To The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysore

Dated 30th ult May 1892.
Despatched 31st ult — Do
Received

Enclosures No. 1 & V. Papers

87-7 J.R 87 3

General No.
D No. 220.

His docket No. 13809/392 dated 4th March last, requesting further information regarding the compensation amount claimed by the Jodidar of Sajakuppe village Devanhully Talukh.

"

In resubmitting the vernacular papers received with the above, has the honor to forward herewith copy of the Executive Engineer's docket No. 2083/719 dated

B1
3-6-92

14th Instant, on the subject.

I am Sir

Your Obt Servt

for Dy Commissioner

HP

1892

3

From

The Executive Engineer.

Bangalore Division

To

The Deputy Commissioner

Bangalore District.

Dated 14th May 1892.

No. 2083/719

In reply to the Deputy Commissioners No. 2253 of the 21st March, forwarding copy of Chief Secretary's No. 13809/392 of the 4th Idem, regarding submersion of land of Jodi Gayakuppa village in the bed of Chennaraya patna tank R No. 42, Devanhully Taluk has the honor to inform the Deputy Commissioner that the project referred to in this Office No. 1097/378 of 18th March/91 was forwarded to him for countersignature with this Office No. 1763/605 of 26th/27th April/92 and has since been submitted to the Chief Engineer for sanction

2. With reference to paras II and III

of the Chief Secretary's letter, begs to state that the project, as now revised, provides for the restoration of the tank at present weir level, consequently there has not been any correspondence with regard to land submerged.

3. Tracing of water spread of tank was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner with this Office No. 699 of 23rd February 1891, in which letter it was pointed out that no land belonging to the Jodi Gojukuppa village was submerged by the Chennapatana tank

/Signed/ R. Sealdwell
Executive Engineer.
Bangalore Division.

Copy

for Dy Commissioner

BR

MYSORE DEMAND OFFICE
PETITION DEPARTMENT
REG'D. No. 44
DATE

(General Serial No. 62.)

1892 : 3

No. 212

Name of Petitioner. Lakshminarsiah Jodidar

Village. Gajagoppe

Taluk. Devanhally

District. Bangalore

Date of Arzi. 21-7-92

Date of Receipt. 22-7-92

Date of Disposal.

No. of Enclosures. Nil

ABSTRACT.

States that in the case in which a compensation of Rs 125/- is due to the petitioner for the period of 3 years in which his land lay waste under orders of Govt, the Dy. Commissioner has sent up the records that on 2 d Instant he presented a petition praying that due the collection of the balance of Jodi due by him viz Rs 70 maybe deferred recovery till the disposal of his claim for compensation

Forwarded to the Chief Secretary in Continuation

Bangalore Dy Comrs No: 220 of 30/5/92 Recd on 6th June 1892

87

5

4/8/92

Sir

Further information on this subject has been called for vide this office No 1674 of R. 272-92 28-7-92 to Deputy Comrs Bangalore.

Draft Reminder submitted for orders.

SR 17/8/92

Issue reminder MSR 17/8

Re Compensation

Prays that Mark Richard Adams
maybe maybe paid to
him by the end of this
month or the prayer
in his aforesaid petn
granted

S.V.P.

28/7/92

212R
22-7-92

To The Deputy Commissioner
of the Bangalore Dt.

Dated 28th July 1892

No 1174 Sur V.P
272-92

His No. 220 dated 30th
May/92 on the subject of
the compensation claimed
by the Jodidar of Gajagatta
in the Devanhalli Taluk.

With reference to the
above requests the
Deputy Commissioner will
be good enough to submit
the Village map showing
the boundaries of the
Inam Village and the
Khandale land in question
and in a different color

the line of water spread of the tank at present weir level.

The Vernacular papers are returned herewith

Bowden

28/7

Chief Secy

29/7

(General Serial No. 30.)

189

From

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No.

No.

Draft [illegible] C.

Rev. Inw 16/6

(General Serial No. 30.)

1893

14908

From The Dy. Commissioner
Bangalore District.

R 3678

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

87

Dated 15th }
Despatched 16th } June/93

Received

Enclosures No. 1 file V.P.

General No. ——— & tracing.
D No. 1351.

Chief Secretary's No
1674 dated 20th July
272-92
Lr. requesting the
submission of the
Map of Gajakuppe
Main Village in
Nelamangalla Taluk.

In transmitting
the enclosures of the
above, the Commr
to submit a tracing

M. G. C. P. Bangalore.—27-1-93.—5,000.

Rec'd 17/6

of the village map
called for
2 Survey No 9 is the
Khurab land in
question and the water
spread is marked by
red lines -

In Remarks

Jr Dy: Commissioner

MYSORE REMANDS OFFICE
PETITION DEPARTMENT
RECD. ON 935/R
DATE 29-9-93

30-9-93.

2

8

was included
Gajagupppe in the bed of
the Chemaroyapatna Govern
-ment Tank and treated
as Kharab. On the Jodidar's
representation as regards the
Cultivation of the land in
question, the Revenue Survey
Settlement Officer while
prohibiting the Jodidar from
Cultivating the land, referred
him to the Deputy Commissioner
for exchange of other land
in lieu of it

2. The Jodidar accordingly
moved the Deputy Commr.
for the grant of either other
land in exchange or re-
-duction in the Jodi payable
by him The Deputy Com
-missioner requested the
Superintendent of Revenue
Survey

E5-24

Read :—

Correspondence ending with docket No. 1357 dated 15th June 1893, from the Deputy Commissioner Bangalore District, recommending the payment of Compensation amounting to Rs. 125/- to the Jodidar of Gayagruppe in the Devenahalli Taluk on account of loss of crops sustained by him during the years 1886-87 to 1888-89.

No 6419-20 dt 29-9-93
R. No 354-92 2-10

Gn. V.P.

Order thereon.

The facts of the case are:

During the Survey Settlement of the Devenahalli Taluk in the year 1885-86, an extent of 29 acres and 39 guntas of land belonging to the Jodi Village of

Survey to assign the authority on which the land was included in the bed of the Tank. The Survey Superintendent stated that he affirmed the settlement Officer's order prohibiting the Jodidar from Cultivating the land. The Deputy Commissioner, however allowed the Jodidar to Cultivate the land as usual and solicited sanction to the payment to the Jodidar of the Compensation of Rs 125/- fixed by the Jamabundi officer on account of loss sustained by the Jodidar in not having Cultivated the land during the years 1886-87 & 1888/89.

3. From the Skelet sub-
-mitted by the Deputy Com-
-missioner in reply to this
Office special requisition,
the land in question, appears
to be not liable to submer-
-sion being far above the
waterspread of the tank.

4. Government observe
that Jodidars have no right
to Cultivate lands in the
beds of Government Tanks
though they may be within
the limits of their Inam
Villages and so they are
not entitled to any Com-
-pensation if they are pro
-hibited from Cultivating
them. But in the present
Case, the Complaint is that
the Jodidar was prohibited
notwithstanding that the
land

land was not within the
waterspread area of the tank.
It being a fact that Peti-
-tioner was prohibited from
Cultivating the land while
in reality there was no ob
-jection the Compensation
of Rs 125/- recommended
by the Deputy Commis-
-sioner is sanctioned.

5. The papers received
with the Dy Commissioners
docket No. 1351 dated 15th
June 1893. are herewith re-
-turned.

Chief Secretary,
29/9/93

To The Dy Commr, Bangalore
District.
Endt to Petitioner in
Canarese.

Under such
circs, and it

Copy to the Survey
Supdt

(General Serial No. 30.) 8885-

1893 R 1608

From The Supdt Mysore Rev. Survey

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Dated } Bangalore 28th November/93

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 346
No.

In reply to Govt Pro. Order No. 6419-20 dated 29th Sept/93 R7 354-92

SUBJECT.

Recommending a careful re-examination of an extent of 29 acres 39 guntas of land belonging to the Jodi village of Gajgupe, Davanhalli Taluk stated to have been included in the bed of Govt. tank of the Chamarajpatna village of the same Taluk.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

To Dy Commr Bangalore No 10148 dt 27/12/93

Submitted for orders as to whether the case may be re-opened now.

VL
23/12/93

87
11

Rec'd 29/11

Subordinate
29/12/93

No 346

Survey Superintendent's Office

Bangalore 28th November 1893

To,

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Government Proceedings Order No. 6419-26 of the 354-92 29th September last and to state that on an examination of the Maps of the two villages (Jodi Gajagutpe and Govt. Channaraipatna, (Devanhalli Taluk) it appears incredible that the extent of

29 acres 39 guntas belonging to
the Jodi village for which com=
=pensation has been claimed,
can possibly have been above
the extreme waterspread of the
tank. I would recommend
a careful re-examination. It
is very easy to assert that
in any particular year the
water may not reach the land
concerned but what has to be
ascertained is whether the
Measurer was right or wrong

in

in regarding the land as fairly tank bed as judged by any year

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedt. Servant
[signature]
Supdt Mysore Revenue
Survey

To the Revenue Branch
2/12

(General Serial No. 32.)

1893.

No. 1459 Pahi Sent to D.C. Bangalore

Name of Petitioner. Kuthshimanaiah vide 101/48 & 7354 & 28/11 Jodidar &c

Village. Gajaguppa

Taluk. Devanahalli

District. Bangalore

Date of Arzi. 30-11-93

Date of Receipt. 1-12-93

Date of Disposal.

No. of Enclosures. one

ABSTRACT.

States that the Deputy Commissioner has given him an endorsement to the effect that his Compensation bill for Rs 125 has not yet ~~been~~ received by the Comptroller's office & prays that the Comptroller may be ordered to pass the bill early & the money paid to him as early as possible as he has to pay them for the Jodi amount

2/12.

4

87

Read:-

Letter No. 346 dated 28th November 1893, from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, in Mysore, recommending with reference to Government Proceedings No. 64-19-20 / R.D. 354-92 dated 29th September 1893, a careful re-examination of the 29 acres and 39 guntas of land belonging to the Jodi Village of Gajaguppe, Devanhalli Taluk, stated to have been included in the bed of the Government tank of Kemaryapatna in the same Taluk but now found to be out of the water-spread area

area of the Tank.

Order thereon. No 10148 / A 354-92 dt 27-12-93

Ordered that a Copy of the foregoing letter be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, with a request that the facts now brought to notice, may be carefully re-examined and a full report Submitted for the information and orders of Government

2. Petition dated 30th Novr 1893 (Regd No 1459) received from Lutchminarasiah Jodidar of Gajagutpe will also be forwarded to the Dy. Commissioner, in original, for disposal.

27/12

Under Secy

To - by Comr Bangalore

Rev
8/3/94

Inland Intendent calling for the Vernacular papers.

D 3
28/3/94

13616.

(General Serial No. 30.)

1893/94

From
The Dy Commissioner
Bangalore District.

To
The Chief Secretary to
the Dewan of Mysore

Dated 6th March/94

Despatched 8th do

Received

Enclosures No. 4

General No.
D No. 1042

Government Proceedings No. 10148 dated 27th December last, regarding the submersion of the lands of Kr. Jodi village of Kajaguppe, Devanahalli Taluk.

— a —

In returning the enclosures of the above, has the honr to forward in original, Memo: No. 506 of the 15th Instant from the Pt. General

No
Secretariat No 16489 D 29/3/94
R 7354-93

Do — Do 22383 D 19/6/94
R 7354-92

37

Assistant Commissioner
Bangalore District,
who after local
inspection, says
that the land in
question is liable
to submersion.

In Mundargi
for Dy Commissioner
Dhr

To

The Deputy Commissioner

Bangalore District

Dated 28-3-94
30

No. 16489
R.T. 354-92

87

15

His docket No. 1042 dated 6th March 1894. Subject original memo No. 506 dated 15th February 1894 from the 1st General Assistant Commr., Bangalore District, regarding the Submersion of the Lands of the Jodi Village of Gajagatte, Devanhalli Taluk.

With reference to the above requests the Deputy Commissioner will be good as to submit

Reference the vernacular
papers Subdn Shimoga
~~Deputy C~~ his docket No
1351 dated 15th June 1893
and returned with Govt
Secy's Office
Secy's No 6419-20 dated
R.T. 354-92
29th September 1893.

By Order

28/3/94

Under Secy

HH

Rec'd 4-4-94

Memo Subd.
1/6/94
Of

(General Serial No. 30.)

1893 [illegible]

From
The Dy Commissioner
Bangalore District

To
The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysore
Bangalore

Dated 4th April 1894.

Despatched 11th do

Received

LD
81
16

Enclosures No. 1 file

General No.
D No. 1214

His Docket No. 16489
3554-92

of the 30th ultimo,
requesting to send
the vernacular papers
regarding the Submer-
sion of the lands of the
Jodi village of Gajà-
suppé Devanahalli
Taluk.—

— " —

Has the honor
to submit herewith
all the papers ref to

do in the above.—

In Remarks
for Dy Commissioner
&c

(32)

Read -

Correspondance ending with the Deputy Commr of Bangalore's No. 1022 dated 6th March 1894, regarding compensation claimed by the Inamdar of Gajagûppé for prohibition of cultivation of alleged Gauk land by the Survey Dept.

In 22383 / R.T. 354-92 dy 19.6.94 / 22

In 2 files of N.P.A. & tracing.

Order.

In reply, the Deputy Commr is informed that the Asst Commr Raghunath Rao's report is meagre. Govt wish to know precisely the Survey No and area of the land in question. In the Dy Commr's report No. 1351 dy 15th June 93 it

it was given as No. 9
No number is given
in Mr. Raghunath Rows
report, but the drift
of it points to No. 3.
(vide tracing received
with Deputy Commrs
No. 1351 dated 15th June
1893). The area and
assessment of the lands
under the Tank should
be reported. The descrip-
tion of the Tank given
by Mr. Raghunatha
Row that it is "neither
too large nor too small" (sic) is
indefinite.

2. The orders contained
in Pro: No. 6419 dated
R. J. 354-92
29th Septr 93, were
issued

issued on the supposition that N° 9 was the land in question. The compensation then ordered having been paid, the Dy Comm^r is requested to report whether N° 9 has been taken over by Govt and is now uncultivated. Major Magrath's decision of 1868 related to certain land "bounded by a Nalla between Mandé-halli and the boundary of Chennarayapatna and Gajagûppé". What is the present Survey N° of this land? It is difficult to ascertain this from the tracing above alluded to, as no Nalla is shown between

45

between Mandéballi on
the one side, and the
Channarayapatna
Gajagúppé boundary.
On the other

Sd/- 19/6

Chief Secy

Mdu.
14/6/94.

To. 21/6/94

The Dy Commissioner.
Bangalore Dist.
Ref the papers rec'd
with his No 1214
dt 9 April 94 & No 1042
dt 6 March 94 (the
retransmitted with reply)

(General Serial No. 30.)

1894-95-65-97

From

The Commissioner,
Bangalore District

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

Dated 16th Novr 94

Despatched 20th Do

Received

Enclosures No: (2 & 2 files 28 pp. & 4 Plans.

General No.

D No. 602.

In reply to Govt. Progs: No 22383 dated 19th June 1894.— R.F. 354-94

SUBJECT.

Submitting certain information in regard to the land of the Jodi Village Gajigunte included in the bed of Cheruvuputtur tank, Devanahalli Talukh.

Rec: 22/11/94

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

Submitted

Please see Hon'ble Chentral Rao Pantalu Garu's draft of Pro: of 10th June 1894

It is now clear that the survey no: of the land in question is 3 & not 9 as first stated by the Deputy Commr.

The further report suggested in the Dy Comr's present letter (Please see para 12) may be called for

As regards raising the Jodi assessment please see para 4 of Office note (paper no 21) of 15.9.93 The land subject to submersion does not appear to have been taken in to consideration while fixing the present Jodi-assessment.

The chief point to be ascertained is whether cultivation of the land should be prohibited as in perpetuity of the tank, or it may be allowed as usual" The Chief Engineer's opinion is rqd. Mr. Forrester

M 22/11/94

Cancelling Memo of 18/7/95

Draft

Rec: 18/7/95

(33)

By Commissioners Office.
Bangalore District.
Dated 16th November/94

D. No. 602.

Encls 2 + 2 files V.P. & 4 plans

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

Sir,

In reference to the Proceedings of Government No. 22383 / R.F. 354-92 dated 19th June last, calling for certain information, in regard to the land of the Jodi in village Gajaguppe included in the Ked of the Chennarayapatna Amani Kere.

2. For a clear understanding of the case, I shall briefly state the history of the case. Survey No. 3 measuring 29 acres and 39 guntas of Gajaguppé, formed part of the Ked of the Chennarayapatna Amani Kere. Thus the Survey Department classed as Kharab and it prohibited its cultivation by the Jodidar. The Jodidar complained to the Deputy

Commissioner. In June 1889, Mr. Krishna Murti Row passed an order in which he said that the Survey Department had gone beyond its power in prohibiting the cultivation of the land in dispute. He removed the prohibition provisionally and instituted enquiry as to whether the cultivation of the land was prejudicial to the tank. This enquiry does not appear to have progressed. I find another order of Mr. Krishna Murtis dated 18th July 1889, in which he ordered the settlement of compensation for the loss of crop during the years when the prohibition lasted. This resulted in Mr. Madhava Row's letter No. S.W. 722 dated 12th December 1891 to Government in which a compensation of Rs. 125/- was proposed for the loss of crops in 1886-87 to 1888-89. The Government thereupon called for further information, which I furnished in my letter No.

1351 dated 15th June 1893; where-
-upon the Government passed their
order No 6419-20 dated 29th September
R.F 354-92
1893, sanctioning the compensation
In this order the Government ob-
-serve that Joddars have no right
to cultivate lands in the beds of
Government tanks, though they may
be within the limits of Inam
villages and so they are not en-
-titled to any compensation if
they are prohibited from cultivating
them." The Government however add
that in the present case the com-
-plaint is that the Joddar was
prohibited notwithstanding that
the land was not within the water
spread area of the tank Under
such circumstances, and it being
a fact that petitioner was pro-
-hibited from cultivating the
land while in reality there

was no objection, the compensation of Rs 125/. is sanctioned."

3. The Superintendent of Survey thereupon brought to the notice of the Government that so much as 29 acres and 39 guntas could not possibly be beyond the water-spread of the tank and the Government ordered a fresh enquiry.

4. So far back as 1868, the question of the cultivation of a portion of this tank by the Jodidar of Gajaguppe came up before Colonel Magrath whose order shows that the land in dispute was a portion of the tank bed. The area then given corresponds with the area now in dispute and the land in dispute is the only land of the Jodi village forming part of the bed. There is no doubt therefore that the two lands are identical.

Thus

Thus Colonel Nagrath so far back as 1868 found the land to be part of the bed of the tank. In the subsequent enquiry that fact was not denied. The question before Mr. Krishna Murti does not appear to be whether the land was or was not within the water-spread. He considered the question as to whether the cultivation was or was not prejudicial to the tank. It is not clear how the Government thought that the land was beyond the water spread.

5. Mr. Raghunatha Rao's enquiry and inspection clearly show that the whole of the area is subject to submersion for some time every year. The Jodidar admits it

6. The survey No. was wrongly stated as No. 9: it is No 3. This does not affect the identity of the land.

The area and assessment of the tank are 158 acres and 17 guntas and Rs. 1122-8-0 respectively.

7. The Government seem to be in error in supposing that the compensation was paid in consideration of the prohibition of the cultivation for ever. The prohibition was only in 1886-87 to 1888-89 and the compensation was for that period. The land is in the possession of the Jodidar who cultivates it.

8. A sketch of the locality and the records of the case including Memoranda from Mr. Raghunatha Rao Nos. 99 and 262 dated 22nd August/94 and 6th Instant are enclosed.

9. It is clear that the land in question has been under cultivation from before 1868, except in 1886-87 to 1888-89 when the cultivation was prohibited. Colonel Ingrath in 1868

thought that the Jodedar was entitled to cultivate it

10. After all that has taken place, I think the best solution is to determine whether the cultivation of the land is prejudicial to the tank and if it is not to allow the cultivation, as it would be hard to deprive the Jodidar of what he has enjoyed for a very long time. Whether the cultivation shall be prohibited or not, he may, in consideration of his long enjoyment, I think, be permitted to keep the small compensation that has been paid to him

11. This leads to a further side issue. As the Survey Department classed this land as Kharab, it was probably omitted from the cultivated area, on the assessment of which the Jode was fixed. If the Government should decide to

allow the cultivation, the Jodie
will have to be removed

12. To be prepared to answer
any further reference from the
Government, I am enquiring of the
Department Public works in regard
to the cultivation of the land and
of the Superintendent of Revenue
Survey in regard to the Jodie.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your Most Obedient Servant.

[illegible]
In Dy Commissioner.

Gen. Serial No. 31.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT
Gl. No. 1044
No. R 2704
6 AUG. 95
REVENUE OFFICE

From The Dy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

To The Secretary to the Revenue Govt of Mysore.

Dated 4th August 1895.
Despatched 5th — Do —
Received
Enclosures—No. 4 & 1 file

General No.
D No. 140.

The Revenue Secretary's No. 1031 dated 22nd Ultmo, R.F. 354-92 ament the land of the Jodi village of Gajagatte in the Devanhully Talukh.

In returning the enclosures of the above, has the honor to state that the Superintendent Revenue Survey has in his No. 373 dated 18th December 1894, stated that the land in question has been included in the bed and waterspread of the Chennarayapatna Amanikere

13/8/95

R. Abh 6/8/95

87-71 D

R 354 of 92 put up 12/8

Submitted for orders -
Please see order on Dy Com's No: 602 of 16th November 1894.
12 28/8/95

× herein enclosed, with 2 Enclosures.

2. The Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division says that it is not advisable to allow the bed being cultivated. Vide No. 4790 dated 27th November last, herewith submitted.

1515

K Nagaraj

for Dy Commissioner.

Work

Read:—

(1) Letter No 346 dated 28th November 1893 from the Superintendent of Rev. Survey in Mysore, ~~recommending~~ claiming ~~that~~ inter alia referencing to ~~the observations made in the~~ Progs of Govt No 64 19-20 R.T. 354-92 & 29 September 1893, ~~to the effect~~ that the Jodidar of Gajaguppe in the Devanhalli Talukh was prohibited from cultivating 29 acres and 39 guntas of land (Survey no 9) of his Jodi village notwithstanding that it was not within the water-spread area of the Chennarayapatna Govt tank, thereby becoming entitling him to compensation ~~may be~~ ~~viewed on~~ careful examination of the subject-matter of the maps of the two villages which would shew that the land was within the

that it appears in evidence that the cultivating area of 39 guntas belonging to the Jodi Village of Gajaguppe in the Devanhalli Talukh can rightly have been above the water spread of the tank, & recommending

'ater-Spread of the tank, &c
~~and in the light of the~~
~~fact that the water of~~
~~the tank may, or may not,~~
~~in any particular year~~
~~reach the land.~~

(2). Correspondence end-
ing with docket No 140 & P.No. 33 & P.No. 35
dated 4th August 1895 from
the Dy Commr, Bangalore
~~District, stating that Mr. Raganatha~~
Rao's enquiry and inspection clearly
show that the whole of the land
is liable to submersion for some
time every year & that the
Supdt of Revenue Survey has
already stated that the land has
been included in the bed and water
spread of the ~~Chamarajapatna~~ Tank,
& that the Ex. Engr is not in favor
of allowing the cultivation of the land

Order thereon.

From the Dy Commr's
report & the papers and
maps received therewith,
it is now clear that the

No 1851-3 dt 12-8-97
R.T. 352-92
In 2 nr files
of V.P.

Survey No of the land is
3 and not 9 as formerly
stated by the Dy Commr
and that it forms part
of the tank bed. The Jodi-
-dar has been paid a com
-pensation of Rs 125- for
prohibition of cultivation
during the years 1886-87
to 1888-89 & the land ~~offers~~
to state
to have been under culti
-vation since 1889-90. The
question for decision now
is, whether cultivation
should be prohibited
or allowed. It is observed
that in 1868 Col Meagrath,
the then Asst Supt of the
Bangalore District, found
that cultivation had
on the land
existed for many years
previously & that ~~the~~
~~all~~ since

since then cultivation has been carried on up to date excepting the 3 years mentioned above. Govt do not believe that cultivation can produce any appreciable injury to the lands. Injury from pollution is not apprehended, while injury ~~Injury~~ from silting is the only possible one, ~~their~~ Which being very trifling, can, to a large extent, be obviated by a strong aloe fence along the boundary. Under such circumstances, Govt see no objection to the land being continued to be cultivated as heretofore. The Dy Commr will arrange to have a good aloe fence as observed above.

2. With reference to the

Ex: Engineer's opinion, w
is against cultivation
of the bed, Govt observe
that no cultivation in a
bed, except in a famine
year, is allowable, but in
exceptional cases like the
one under notice, existing
cultivation need scarcely
be thrown out, if such
cultivation has openly
been carried on for a
long series of years. It
is the ordinary presump-
tion that a person holding
a tank bed, holds it subject
to the condition of non-
-cultivation by ploughing
&c, but only for pasture
or use of bunds. In the
present case no such
presumption can be
made

[redacted]nade, as cultivation
[redacted]had existed for many
years previous to 1868.

64

The Supdt: of Survey & Inam settlts is requested to report if any reversion of the land in question being treated as Cultivated land

Q. 8-7-97

Secretary

8/7/97

8/7/97

To.

The Dy Commr
Bangalore Distt.
returning the enclosures.
" Supdt of Rev Survey.
" Chief Engr.

× Subd
Please see para 11 of
Genl no 33 (Revn
Genl Letter no 602
dy 16.11.94)

Submitted

May this be printed
and Communicated
to all the Commrs
also.

I do not think
it necessary
9/8/1

5186
R 3139
1897-98.

Sabed & Secy GL
27/1/98

From

The Superintendent of
Inam Settlements in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the
Government of Mysore, General
and Revenue Departments

Dated 18th
Despatched 20th } January 1898.
Received

Enclosure No. Nil

No. 58 of 1897-98.

With reference to concluding
para of Government Proceedings
No. 1851-3 / R. F 354-92 dated 17th August 189
has the honor to state that no
revision of the jodi, owing to the
land in question, out of Survey
No. 3, measuring 29 acres & 39 gunt
being cultivated, seems necessary

Supt. of Inam Setts

Submitted. Nil
may be filed.
26/1/98

Draft
31/1/98
Rev
21.1.98

Concurred
28/1/98

27/1/98

Read :- (41)

Docket No. 58, dated

18th January 1898 from

the Superintendent of Inam

Settlements in Mysore, stating

with reference to the Conclud

para of Govt Proceedings No

1851-3
R.F 354-92, dated 17th August

1897, that it is not necessa

to revise the Jodi ~~of a portion~~

of the ~~Jodi~~ village of Gajagan

in the Devanahally Taluk,

owing to a portion of the Tumbe

~~the~~ being treated

as cultivated land

Order thereon

Recorded & Communicated

to the Dy Commissioner Bangalore Dist

31/1/98

31/1/98 for Secretary

31/1/98

The Superintendent of

Inam settlements in Mysore

The Deputy Commissioner

Bangalore District

87 1/2
5
1

Survey No. 3 — Extent A.G. 29-39.

No. 7306-7
A. 2365 dt 3.2.98
3
R.F. 354-92